BANNIE Test report



Patient: BANNIE Species: Canine Patient ID: 2507102

Client: JABIGUECO Gender: Age:

Al Aided Diag. Explan.

Please evaluate the severity of anemia based on clinical manifestations and medical history. It is recommended to add an RET test and a blood smear test to assess white blood cell and red blood cell morphology. At the same time, tests of liver and kidney panels, electrolytes, and protein level should be added to assess overall health status and potential metabolic abnormalities. If necessary, screening for infectious diseases such as feline leukemia virus, feline immunodeficiency virus, canine distemper virus, babesiosis, etc. should be carried out based on clinical symptoms and regional characteristics.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

Time of Printing:2025-07-28 12:22:10





Biochemistry test report



Patient:BANNIESpecies:CaninePatient ID:2507102Client:JABIGUECOGender:Sample No.:03

Doctor: Age: Time of analysis: 2025/07/10 12:32

	ltem		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP		47.0	g/L	53.1-79.2	
Protein	ALB	\	16.7	g/L	23.4-40.0	
rotein	GLOB		30.3	g/L	25.4-52.0	
rotein	A/G		0.5			
ver and gallbladder	ALT	↑	265.2	U/L	10.1-100.3	.
ver and gallbladder	AST		51.1	U/L	0.0-51.7	
ver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		0.19			
ver and gallbladder	ALP	↑	1361.3	U/L	15.5-212.0	•
ver and gallbladder	GGT	↑	167.9	U/L	0.0-15.9	•
ver and gallbladder	TBIL	↑	33.49	μmol/L	0.00-15.00	
ver and gallbladder	ТВА		18.1	μmol/L	0.0-30.0	
ncreas	AMY	↑	2094.7	U/L	397.7-1285.1	
Ineys	BUN		4.12	mmol/L	2.50-9.77	
neys	CREA		31.10	μmol/L	20.00-123.70	
neys	BUN/CREA		32.8			
liovasc./Muscle	СК		114.9	U/L	66.4-257.5	
liovasc./Muscle	LDH		56.5	U/L	0.0-143.6	
rgy metabolism	GLU		5.36	mmol/L	3.80-7.50	
ergy metabolism	TC		3.31	mmol/L	2.67-8.38	<u> </u>
ergy metabolism	TG		1.04	mmol/L	0.10-1.30	
nerals	Ca	\downarrow	1.89	mmol/L	2.10-2.97	
nerals	PHOS		0.86	mmol/L	0.80-2.20	
nerals	CaxP		1.62	mmol/L^2		
nerals	Mg	\downarrow	0.58	mmol/L	0.61-1.06	
ctrolytes	Na+		153.2	mmol/L	138.0-160.0	
ctrolytes	K+		4.6	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
ctrolytes	Na/K		33.3			
ectrolytes	CI-	<u></u>	>135.0	mmol/L	102.7-125.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 1+

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-07-28 12:22:11









Patient: BANNIE Species: Canine Patient ID: 2507102
Client: JABIGUECO Gender: Sample No.: 03

Doctor:	Age:	Time of analysis:	2025/07/10 12:32
Doctor.			

	Report Explan.	
ТР	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and increased globulin. Reduction is commonly associated with blood loss, protein-losing enteropathy, and decreased albumin.
ALB	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.
ALT	↑	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
ALP	↑	Increase is commonly associated with fracture healing period, hepatobiliary diseases, hyperthyroidism, and osteosarcoma, etc.
GGT	↑	Elevated is commonly associated with bile duct injury or cholestasis, etc.
TBIL	↑	Increase is commonly associated with hemolysis and hepatobiliary dysfunction. Reduction is commonly associated with decreased erythropoiesis, etc.
AMY	↑	Increase is commonly associated with gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, pancreatic tumor, etc.
Са	↓	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
Mg	↓	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, hypoadrenocorticism, hypocalcemia, and muscle injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with gastrointestinal malabsorption, nephropathy, and hyperthyroidism, etc.
Cl-	↑	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-07-28 12:22:11





Hematology Analysis Report



Patient: BANNIE Species: Canine Patient ID: 2507102

Client: JABIGUECO Gender: Sample No.: 03

Doctor: JUL ARDIELLE CORNELL Age: Time of analysis: 2025/07/10 12:13

WBC		Para.	Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Neu# H 16.98 10^9/L 3.05 12.10 1		raia.	Current result		nei. naiiges	
Lym# 1.67 10^9/L 0.70-4.95		WBC	H 20.07	10^9/L	5.32-16.92	
Mon# 1.30 10.09/L 0.20-1.38 ©		Neu#	H 16.98	10^9/L	3.05-12.10	
Part		Lym#	1.67	10^9/L	0.70-4.95	
New% H 0.846 0.420-0.840 □		Mon#	1.30	10^9/L	0.20-1.38	
Neu%		Eos#	0.10	10^9/L	0.04-1.28	
Lym% 0.083 0.060-0.400		Bas#	0.02	10^9/L	0.00-0.13	
Mon% 0.065 0.025-0.120 ©		Neu%	H 0.846		0.420-0.840	
Eos% 0.005 0.003-0.110 1		Lym%	0.083		0.060-0.400	
Bas% 0.001 0.000-0.010 □		Mon%	0.065		0.025-0.120	
RBC L 4.77 10^12/L 5.20-8.69		Eos%	0.005		0.003-0.110	
HGB L 102 g/L 115-201		Bas%	0.001		0.000-0.010	
HCT L 0.304 0.350-0.600		RBC	L 4.77	10^12/L	5.20-8.69	
MCH 21.3 pg 20.0-27.0		HGB	L 102	g/L	115-201	
MCH 21.3 pg 20.0-27.0 MCHC 336 g/L 300-380 RDW-CV 0.175 0.113-0.189 RDW-SD 42.0 fL 29.1-55.1 MPV L 7.2 fL 7.6-16.1 MPV L 7.2 fL 7.6-16.1 PCT 2.60 mL/L 1.20-7.00 P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 □ RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 □ RET% H 3.27 % 0.16-1.95 □ LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 □ MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0 □	T –		L 0.304		0.350-0.600	
MCHC RDW-CV RDW-SD 42.0 fL 29.1-55.1 MPV L 7.2 fL 7.6-16.1 PCT PLCC 26 10^9/L 10.79/L 12.0-7.00 P-LCC P-LCC 10 10/9/L 15.5 10.0073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET# H 3.27 % 0.16-1.95 IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1 IFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 IFR MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0	RBC Para.	MCV	63.7	fL	60.0-77.5	
RDW-CV 0.175 0.113-0.189 RDW-SD 42.0 fL 29.1-55.1		МСН	21.3	pg	20.0-27.0	
RDW-SD 42.0 fL 29.1-55.1		мснс	336	g/L	300-380	
PLT 361 10^9/L 140-520 MPV L 7.2 fL 7.6-16.1 PDW 15.5 13.8-17.9 PCT 2.60 mL/L 1.20-7.00 P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET# H 3.27 % 0.16-1.95 IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1 IRF 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0		RDW-CV	0.175		0.113-0.189	
MPV L 7.2 fL 7.6-16.1 PDW 15.5 13.8-17.9 PCT 2.60 mL/L 1.20-7.00 P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET% H 33.27 % 0.16-1.95 IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1 LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0		RDW-SD	42.0	fL	29.1-55.1	
PDW 15.5 13.8-17.9 PCT 2.60 mL/L 1.20-7.00 P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET% H 33.27 % 0.16-1.95 IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1 LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0		PLT	361	10^9/L	140-520	
P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET% H 3.27 % 0.16-1.95 IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1 LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0		MPV	L 7.2	fL	7.6-16.1	
P-LCC 26 10^9/L 25-180 P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570 IPF 0.8 % 0.4-17.1 RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0 RET% H 31.7 % 0.16-1.95 IRF LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0 MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0	Par	PDW	15.5		13.8-17.9	
P-LCR L 0.073 0.100-0.570	ė –	PCT	2.60	mL/L	1.20-7.00	
RET#		P-LCC	26	10^9/L	25-180	
RET# H 156.0 10^9/L 9.0-115.0		P-LCR	L 0.073		0.100-0.570	
RET% H 3.27 % 0.16-1.95		IPF	0.8	%	0.4-17.1	
IRF 31.7 % 0.0-45.1	ET ara.	RET#	H 156.0	10^9/L	9.0-115.0	
LFR 68.3 % 56.0-100.0		RET%	H 3.27	%	0.16-1.95	
MFR H 26.2 % 0.0-26.0		IRF	31.7	%	0.0-45.1	
		LFR		%	56.0-100.0	
LIED A D O CO C		MFR			0.0-26.0	<u> </u>
HFK 5.5 % 0.0-22.0		HFR	5.5	%	0.0-22.0	
RHE 20.6 pg 20.0-28.3		RHE	20.6	pg	20.0-28.3	

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray BC-60R Vet

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Hematology Analysis Report

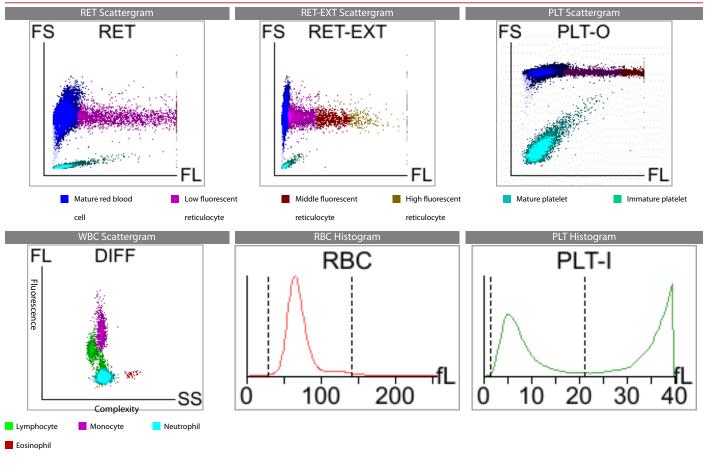


Patient: BANNIE Species: Canine Patient ID: 2507102

Client: JABIGUECO Gender: Sample No.: 03

Doctor: JUL ARDIELLE CORNELL Age: Time of analysis: 2025/07/10 12:13

Operator:





Diagnosis implications:

Anemia

Neutrophilia

Report Explan.

Anemia

It occurs in anemia caused by various reasons, such as insufficient hematopoietic materials, hematopoietic dysfunction, excessive destruction of RBC, or blood loss

Neutrophilia

It occurs in stress response or corticosteroid response, inflammation, granulocytic leukemia, and immunemediated diseases

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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