Biochemistry test report



Patient: MUNCHKIN Species: Feline Patient ID: 25082085

Client: ACERO Gender: Male Sample No.: 05

Doctor: Age: 7Y Time of analysis: 2025/08/22 12:36

	Item	Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP ↑	101.6	g/L	56.5-88.5	<u> </u>
Protein	ALB	23.4	g/L	22.0-40.0	<u> </u>
Protein	GLOB ↑	78.2	g/L	28.2-51.3	
Protein	A/G	0.3			
Liver and gallbladder	ALT	24.3	U/L	12.0-149.2	
Liver and gallbladder	AST	24.4	U/L	0.0-60.0	
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT	1.00			
Liver and gallbladder	ALP	10.0	U/L	8.7-110.9	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	GGT	<2.0	U/L	0.0-8.2	
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL	<1.70	μmol/L	0.00-15.00	
Liver and gallbladder	ТВА	1.3	μmol/L	0.0-20.0	
Pancreas	AMY	1179.2	U/L	555.6-1940.0	
Kidneys	BUN	6.45	mmol/L	4.55-11.41	
Kidneys	CREA	73.80	μmol/L	28.00-180.00	
Kidneys	BUN/CREA	21.6			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	СК	338.1	U/L	66.1-530.9	
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH	72.9	U/L	0.0-334.2	
Energy metabolism	GLU	5.07	mmol/L	3.39-8.39	<u> </u>
Energy metabolism	тс	2.61	mmol/L	1.87-5.84	
Energy metabolism	TG	1.16	mmol/L	0.10-1.30	
Minerals	Ca	2.34	mmol/L	2.10-2.79	
Minerals	PHOS	1.82	mmol/L	0.80-2.72	
Minerals	CaxP	4.26	mmol/L^2		
Minerals	Mg	0.83	mmol/L	0.66-1.22	
Electrolytes	Na+	152.5	mmol/L	141.0-166.0	
Electrolytes	K+	4.5	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
Electrolytes	Na/K	33.9			
Electrolytes	CI- ↑	129.2	mmol/L	104.4-129.0	<u> </u>

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 LIP(Lipemia degree): 1+ ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-08-24 14:55:15







Patient: MUNCHKIN Species: Feline Patient ID: 25082085 **ACERO** Gender: Male Sample No.: 05 Client: Age: 7Y Time of analysis: 2025/08/22 12:36 Doctor:

	Report Explan.	
ТР	↑	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and increased globulin. Reduction is commonly associated with blood loss, protein-losing enteropathy, and decreased albumin.
GLOB	↑	Increase is commonly associated with chronic inflammation and infection, and hyperimmunity, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake, anemia, and immunodeficiency.
CI-	↑	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

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