#### **JACOB Test report**



Patient:JACOBSpecies:CaninePatient ID:251014257Client:DAPALGender:MaleAge:4Y

#### Al Aided Diag. Explan.

Please evaluate the severity of anemia based on clinical manifestations and medical history. It is recommended to add an RET test and a blood smear test to assess white blood cell and red blood cell morphology. At the same time, tests of liver and kidney panels, electrolytes, and protein level should be added to assess overall health status and potential metabolic abnormalities. If necessary, screening for infectious diseases such as feline leukemia virus, feline immunodeficiency virus, canine distemper virus, babesiosis, etc. should be carried out based on clinical symptoms and regional characteristics.

It is recommended to add a blood smear test to evaluate white blood cell morphology, as well as tests of liver and kidney panels, electrolytes, protein level, and inflammatory markers (such as cCRP and fSAA) to assess overall health status or inflammation level, based on clinical manifestations and medical history.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

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## Biochemistry test report



Patient: JACOB Species: Canine Patient ID: 251014257

DAPAL Gender: Male Sample No.: 05 Client:

4Y Time of analysis: 2025/10/20 13:33 Doctor: Age:

	Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP		57.0	g/L	53.1-79.2	
Protein	ALB		30.3	g/L	23.4-40.0	
Protein	GLOB		26.7	g/L	25.4-52.0	
Protein	A/G		1.1			
Liver and gallbladder	ALT		38.8	U/L	10.1-100.3	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	AST	<b>↑</b>	75.2	U/L	0.0-51.7	
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		1.94			
Liver and gallbladder	ALP		31.1	U/L	15.5-212.0	
Liver and gallbladder	GGT		9.3	U/L	0.0-15.9	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL		<1.70	μmol/L	0.00-15.00	<u> </u>
Liver and gallbladder	ТВА		<1.0	μmol/L	0.0-30.0	<del></del>
Pancreas	AMY	$\downarrow$	293.7	U/L	397.7-1285.1	
Kidneys	BUN		5.69	mmol/L	2.50-9.77	
Kidneys	CREA		88.20	μmol/L	20.00-123.70	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Kidneys	BUN/CREA		16.0			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	СК	1	775.8	U/L	66.4-257.5	<b>©</b>
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH		91.8	U/L	0.0-143.6	<u> </u>
Energy metabolism	GLU	1	9.77	mmol/L	3.80-7.50	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Energy metabolism	тс		2.86	mmol/L	2.67-8.38	<u> </u>
Energy metabolism	TG		0.58	mmol/L	0.10-1.30	
Minerals	Ca	$\downarrow$	2.01	mmol/L	2.10-2.97	
Minerals	PHOS		1.84	mmol/L	0.80-2.20	
Minerals	CaxP		3.70	mmol/L^2		
Minerals	Mg		0.81	mmol/L	0.53-1.06	
Electrolytes	Na+	$\downarrow$	120.3	mmol/L	138.0-160.0	
Electrolytes	K+	$\downarrow$	2.9	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
Electrolytes	Na/K		42.2			
Electrolytes	CI-	$\downarrow$	79.8	mmol/L	102.7-125.0	

Operator:

**Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel** QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree): LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-11-08 14:53:31











Patient: JACOB Species: Canine Patient ID: 251014257 DAPAL Gender: Male Sample No.: 05 Client: 4Y 2025/10/20 13:33 Doctor: Age: Time of analysis:

	Report Explan.	
AST	<b>↑</b>	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
AMY	<b>↓</b>	Increase is commonly associated with gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, pancreatic tumor, etc.
СК	<b>↑</b>	Increase is commonly associated with trauma, increased muscle activity (such as tetanus and convulsion), myocarditis, and myocardial infarction, etc.
GLU	<b>↑</b>	Increase is commonly associated with diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insulin administration, malnutrition, and insulinoma, etc.
Ca	<b>↓</b>	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
Na+	<b>↓</b>	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, hyperaldosteronism, and severe dehydration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, diuretic therapy, etc.
K+	<b>↓</b>	Increase is commonly associated with high potassium fluid replacement, diabetes, adrenocortical hypofunction, and acute kidney injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low potassium or potassium-free fluid replacement, vomiting, diarrhea, and hypercorticalismus, etc.
CI-	<b>↓</b>	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-11-08 14:53:31





# Hematology Analysis Report



Patient: JACOB Species: Canine Patient ID: 251014257

Client: DAPAL Gender: Male Sample No.: 05

Doctor: MT ABIGAIL LINOG Age: 4Years Time of analysis: 2025/10/20 12:38

	Dawa		Comment		Def Demone			2025/20/24
	Para.		Current result		Ref. Ranges			2025/10/14
	WBC	н	35.17	10^9/L	5.32-16.92		<b>-</b>	18.78
	Neu#	Н	31.34	10^9/L	3.05-12.10		<b>©</b>	16.30
	Lym#		1.72	10^9/L	0.70-4.95	0		1.63
	Mon#	Н	2.11	10^9/L	0.20-1.38		<b>)</b> —	0.83
	Eos#	L	0.00	10^9/L	0.04-1.28	)		0.00
	Bas#		0.00	10^9/L	0.00-0.13	<u> </u>		0.02
	Neu%	Н	0.891		0.420-0.840	<u> </u>		0.868
	Lym%	L	0.049		0.060-0.400 =	<u> </u>		0.087
	Mon%		0.060		0.025-0.120			0.044
	Eos%	L	0.000		0.003-0.110	)		0.000
	Bas%		0.000		0.000-0.010	<u> </u>		0.001
	RBC	L	4.43	10^12/L	5.20-8.69	<u> </u>		4.86
	HGB	L	98	g/L	115-201 =			110
	нст	L	0.302		0.350-0.600	<u> </u>		0.330
ן אָ עּ	MCV		68.2	fL	60.0-77.5			67.9
	мсн		22.1	pg	20.0-27.0	0		22.7
	мснс		325	g/L	300-380			333
	RDW-CV		0.171		0.113-0.189	- O		0.149
	RDW-SD		43.8	fL	29.1-55.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		37.5
	PLT		410	10^9/L	140-520 =	<u> </u>		253
	MPV		13.2	fL	7.6-16.1	0		10.3
PLT Para.	PDW		16.5		13.8-17.9	0		15.8
ÿ⊣	PCT		5.40	mL/L	1.20-7.00	- O		2.61
	P-LCC	Н	182	10^9/L	25-180 =	• •		59
	P-LCR		0.444		0.100-0.570	- O		0.232
	IPF		4.6	%	0.4-17.1 $\qquad \qquad =$	0		4.4
RET Para.	RET#	Н	345.5	10^9/L	9.0-115.0		<u> </u>	158.4
	RET%	Н	7.80	%	0.16-1.95		•	3.26
	IRF		35.5	%	0.0-45.1			38.3
	LFR		64.5	%	56.0-100.0			61.7
	MFR	Н	27.4	%	0.0-26.0	<u> </u>		23.7
	HFR		8.1	%	0.0-22.0	0		14.6
	RHE		20.9	pg	20.0-28.3			23.4
		,						

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Test Instrument:Mindray BC-60R Vet

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### Hematology Analysis Report

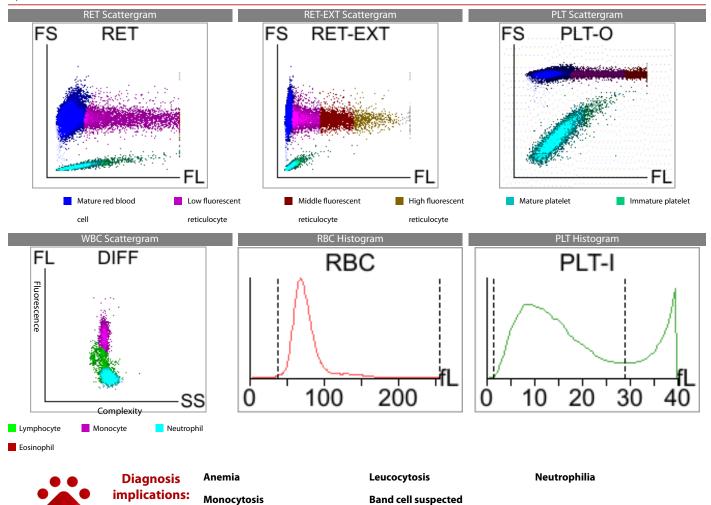


Patient: JACOB Species: Canine Patient ID: 251014257

Client: DAPAL Gender: Male Sample No.: 05

Doctor: MT ABIGAIL LINOG Age: 4Years Time of analysis: 2025/10/20 12:38

#### Operator:



<b>■</b> Report Explan.	
Anemia	It occurs in anemia caused by various reasons, such as insufficient hematopoietic materials, hematopoietic dysfunction, excessive destruction of RBC, or blood loss
Leucocytosis	It occurs in bacterial infection, burn, post-operation, malignant tumor, leukemia, etc
Neutrophilia	It occurs in stress response or corticosteroid response, inflammation, granulocytic leukemia, and immune-mediated diseases
Monocytosis	It occurs in stress response or corticosteroid response, bacterial/fungal/protozoal infections, immune-mediated diseases, paraneoplastic reactions (such as lymphoma), monocytic leukemia, etc
Band cell suspected	Possible presence of band cells and/or toxic neutrophils, and it occurs in infection and inflammation

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

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