

Biochemistry test report



| | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|----------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| Patient: | LOKI | Species: | Canine | Patient ID: | 2507233 |
| Client: | CALONIA/ORTEGA | Gender: | Male | Sample No.: | 06 |
| Doctor: | | Age: | 5Y | Time of analysis: | 2026/03/18 13:36 |

| Item | Current result | Ref. Ranges | 2026/03/04 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Protein TP | 60.4 g/L | 53.1-79.2 | 59.6 |
| Protein ALB | 18.5 g/L | 23.4-40.0 | 16.7 |
| Protein GLOB | 41.9 g/L | 25.4-52.0 | 42.9 |
| Protein A/G | 0.4 | | 0.4 |
| Liver and gallbladder ALT | 40.9 U/L | 10.1-100.3 | 31.3 |
| Liver and gallbladder AST | 23.1 U/L | 0.0-51.7 | 17.4 |
| Liver and gallbladder AST/ALT | 0.56 | | 0.56 |
| Liver and gallbladder ALP | 134.3 U/L | 15.5-212.0 | 189.1 |
| Liver and gallbladder GGT | 9.5 U/L | 0.0-15.9 | 16.0 |
| Liver and gallbladder TBIL | 2.56 μmol/L | 0.00-15.00 | 2.33 |
| Liver and gallbladder TBA | <1.0 μmol/L | 0.0-30.0 | 3.0 |
| Pancreas AMY | 1377.6 U/L | 397.7-1285.1 | 1139.3 |
| Kidneys BUN | 7.26 mmol/L | 2.50-9.77 | 7.10 |
| Kidneys CREA | 44.10 μmol/L | 20.00-123.70 | <18.00 |
| Kidneys BUN/CREA | 40.8 | | **** |
| Cardiovasc./Muscle CK | 163.9 U/L | 66.4-257.5 | 99.2 |
| Cardiovasc./Muscle LDH | 32.1 U/L | 0.0-143.6 | 31.3 |
| Energy metabolism GLU | 6.47 mmol/L | 3.80-7.50 | 6.34 |
| Energy metabolism TC | 7.78 mmol/L | 2.67-8.38 | 8.23 |
| Energy metabolism TG | 1.08 mmol/L | 0.10-1.30 | 1.48 |
| Minerals Ca | 2.23 mmol/L | 2.10-2.97 | 2.11 |
| Minerals PHOS | 1.73 mmol/L | 0.80-2.20 | 1.34 |
| Minerals CaxP | 3.85 mmol/L ² | | 2.82 |
| Minerals Mg | 0.80 mmol/L | 0.53-1.06 | 0.64 |
| Electrolytes Na+ | 141.1 mmol/L | 138.0-160.0 | 135.5 |
| Electrolytes K+ | 5.6 mmol/L | 3.5-5.9 | 4.9 |
| Electrolytes Na/K | 25.0 | | 27.5 |
| Electrolytes Cl- | 119.9 mmol/L | 102.7-125.0 | 95.8 |

Operator:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel | QC QC OK |
| HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 | LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 |
| | ICT(Jaundice degree): 0 |

Report Explan.

ALB ↓

Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument: Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing: 2026-03-18 13:39:40



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Report Explan.

AMY



Increase is commonly associated with gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, pancreatic tumor, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results. The results only applies to this test sample.

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